Table 1. Product attributes and levels of different product types

S. No.	Type of Product	Attributes	Levels	Reference	
1	Orange juice	Flavour	Similar to fresh orange, stronger than fresh orange, weaker than fresh orange	18	
		Sweeteners	Natural, artificial, sugar, honey		
		Pulp	More pulp, medium pulp, no pulp		
		Method of production	Organic, conventional		
2	Ragi	Taste	Good, Average	4	
		Colour	Red, white		
		Price	High (>Rs.25/kg), Medium (Rs.20-25/kg), Low (<rs.20 kg)<="" td=""><td></td></rs.20>		
		Cooking Time	More, less		
3	Root based	Flavour	Sweetened, Cheesy, Salty	23	
	processed	Texture	Crunchy thin slice, crunchy thick slice		
	foods	Type of packaging	Stand up, Glossy plastic		
		Packaging size	100g, 10 g		
4	Vegetarian Restaurant	Food quality	Organic food, colourful food, nutritious food	6	
	service	Cuisine style	Chinese style, Indian, Italian		
		Health concept	Lose weight, prevent diseases		
		Restaurant design	Simple design, fashion design		
5	Dairy Milk	Nutrient content	Protein, Calcium, Vitamin D	13	
		Function	Maintain strong muscles, strong bones		
		Production method	Organic, Locally produced, all natural		
		Price/gal	\$3.21, \$3.80, \$4.18		
6			Marolo, marolo and soursoup, marolo,	26	
	preserves		soursoup and sweet passion fruit		
		Nutritional information	Light, diet, absent		
		Health claims	Reduces cardiovascular disease, reduce blood cholesterol		
7	Coconut	Taste	Low, medium, high	12	
	products	Flavour	Low, medium, high		
		Shelf life	Low, medium, high		
		Time consuming	Yes, no		
8	Eggs	Functional	Omega, Regular	17	
		Price per egg	Rs.4, Rs.6, Rs.8		
		Feed given to chicken	Organic, conventional		
		Packaging (nos. per pack)	6,10,12,30		
		Colour	Brown, White		
9	Food Retail chain	Location of stores	Neighbourhood, Accessible, Does not matter	25	
		Product range	Limited, wide		
		Service at the stores	On request, complete		
		Mode of payment	Cash, Credit card, monthly cash credit		

Table 2. Attributes and levels used for conjoint analysis

S. No.	Attributes	Levels
1	Flavour	Weaker than fresh mango; Similar to fresh mango; Stronger than fresh
_	i tavoai	mango
2	Packaging Material	Plastic pouch, screw cap; Paper pouch, straw; Plastic bottle, screw cap
3	Sweeteners	Natural, Artificial
4	Price (per 600 ml)	Rs.40; Rs.42; Rs.45

Table 3. Demographic details of the sample respondents

S. No.	Gender	No. of Sample respondents	Percentage to Total (n=150)
1	Male	54	36.00
2	Female	96	64.00
S. No	Age (in years)	No. of Sample Respondents	Percentage to Total (n=150)
1	Up to 20	14	9.33
2	21-30	35	23.33
3	31-40	48	32.00
4	41-50	37	24.67
5	Above 50	16	10.67
S. No	Qualification	No. of Sample Respondents	Percentage to Total (n=150)
1	Primary Education	3	2.00
2	Secondary Education	15	10.00
3	Higher Secondary Education	34	22.67
4	Graduation	98	65.33
S. No	Profession	No. of Sample Respondents	Percentage to Total (n=150)
1	Private Sector	69	46.00
2	Public Sector	29	19.33
3	Own Business	22	14.67
4	Unemployed	27	18.00
5	Retired	3	2.00
S. No	Family Type	No. of Sample Respondents	Percentage to Total (n=150)
1	Nuclear Family	121	80.67
2	Joint Family	29	19.33
S. No	Family Size	No. of Sample Respondents	Percentage to Total (n=150)
1	Less than 3 Members	13	8.67
2	3-5 Members	108	72.00
3	More than 5 members	29	19.33
S. No	Monthly Family Income	No. of Sample Respondents	Percentage to Total (n=150)
1	20001-30000	4	2.67
2	30001-40000	14	9.33
3	40001-50000	50	33.33
4	Above 50000	82	54.67
	Total	150	100

Table 4. Attributes of the mango drink that influence the sample respondents towards the product

S. No.	Attributes	No. of Sample Respondents	Percentage to Total
	Flavour		
	Stronger than fresh mango	37	24.67
	Similar to fresh mango	48	32.00
1	Weaker than fresh mango	32	21.33
	Spicy mango	15	10.00
	Carbonated	18	12.00
	Total	150	100.00
	Packaging Material		
	Plastic pouch, screw cap	37	24.67
	Paper pouch, straw	51	34.00
2	Plastic bottle, screw cap	34	22.67
	Glass bottles	9	6.00
	Aluminium cans	19	12.67
	Total	150	100.00
	Price (per 600 ml)		
	Below Rs.40	36	24.00
3	Rs.40 to Rs.50	107	71.33
	Above Rs.50	7	4.67
	Total	150	100.00
	Sweeteners		
	Natural	101	67.33
4	Artificial	45	30.00
	Monk fruit extract	4	2.67
	Total	150	100.00

Table 5. Attributes and variants of product configuration

Functionality	Usability	Pleasure		
Flavour	Packaging Material Price		Sweeteners	
Weaker than fresh mango	Plastic pouch, screw cap	Rs.40	Natural	
Similar to fresh mango	Paper pouch, straw	Rs.42	Artificial	
Stronger than fresh mango	Plastic bottle, screw cap	Rs.45		

Table 6. Product configuration formulated by orthogonal design

Product	Functionality	Usak	Pleasure	
Combination	Flavour	Packaging Material	Price	Sweeteners
1	Weaker than fresh mango	Plastic pouch, screw cap	Natural	40
2	Weaker than fresh mango	paper pouch, straw	Natural	42
3	Similar to fresh mango	Plastic bottle, screw cap	Natural	42
4	Similar to fresh mango	paper pouch, straw	Artificial	40
5	Similar to fresh mango	Plastic pouch, screw cap	Natural	45
6	Stronger than fresh mango	paper pouch, straw	Natural	45
7	Stronger than fresh mango	Plastic bottle, screw cap	Natural	40
8	Weaker than fresh mango	Plastic bottle, screw cap	Artificial	45
9	Stronger than fresh mango	Plastic pouch, screw cap	Artificial	42

Table 7. Utility values and relative importance of various attributes

S. No.	Attributes	Utility Value	Relative Importance (%)		
	Flavour				
	Weaker than fresh mango	0			
1	Similar to fresh mango	2.58	44.10		
	Stronger than fresh mango	1.24			
	Packaging Material				
2	Plastic pouch, screw cap	-0.20			
2	Paper pouch, straw	0	6.15		
	Plastic bottle, screw cap	-0.36			
	Sweeteners				
3	Natural	2.14	36.58		
	Artificial	0	36.58		
	Price (per 600 ml)				
4	Rs.40	0.50			
4	Rs.42	0.77	18.16		
	Rs.45	0			

Table 8. Total utility value of product combinations

Product Configuration	Total Utility	Ranking
1	-0.24	7
2	0.23	6
3	2.45	1
4	0.4	5
5	1.84	2
6	0.7	4
7	0.84	3
8	-3.04	9
9	-0.87	8

Fig 1. Conjoint analysis process

Identification of Product Attributes for analysing the consumer preference towards mango juice
Identification of Product Attribute levels for different attributes
Data collection on consumer preference towards the various attribute levels
Fixing the attribute levels based on consumer preference
Formulation of product configurations after Orthogonal design in SPSS
Derivation of utility values as a result of multinomial logit regression
Derivation of total utility values of the product combinations
Ranking the product combinations

Fig 2. Demographic characteristics of the sample respondents

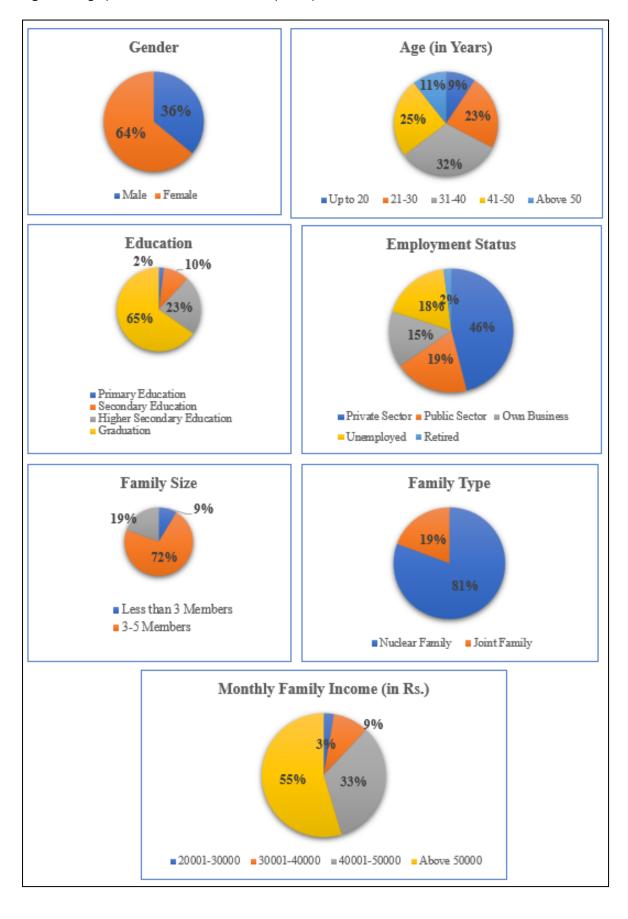


Fig 3. Consumer preference towards the product attribute levels

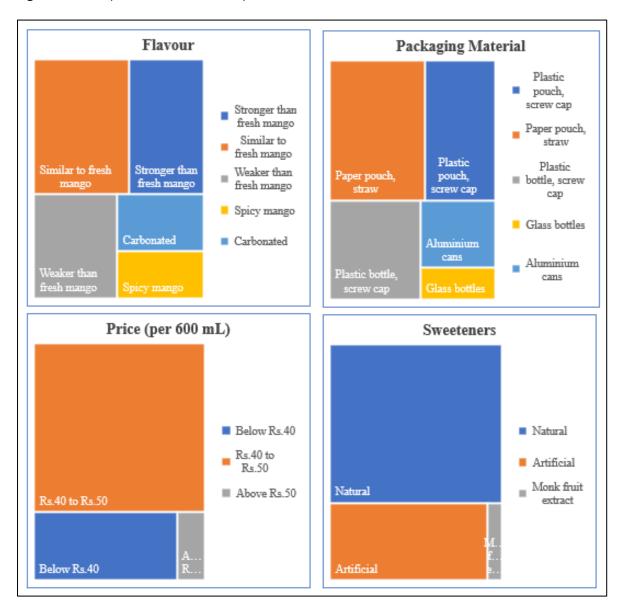


Fig 4. Utility value of the product attribute levels

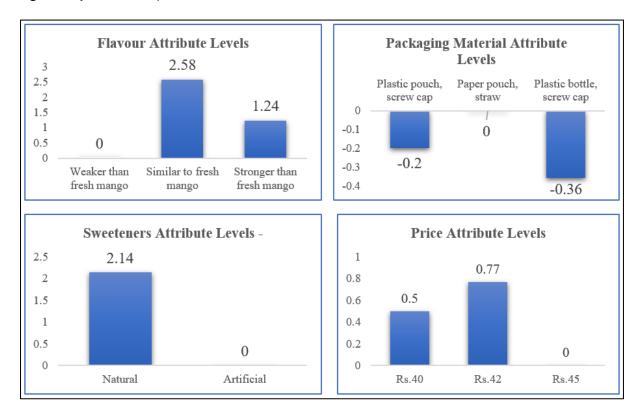


Fig 5. Relative importance of the product attributes

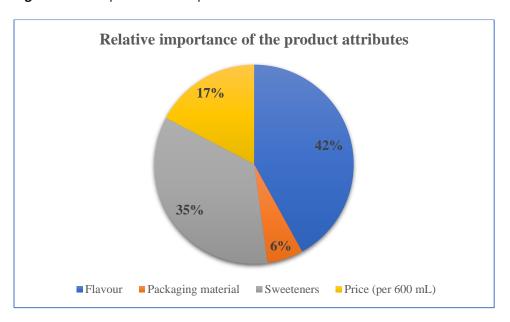


Fig 6. Total utility value of the product combinations

