James JM, Neethu PC, Antony T. Morpho-Aaatomical, fluorescence, phytochemical and antibacterial studies of *Phyllanthus myrtifolius* Moon. and *Phyllanthus reticulatus* Poir. of Kerala. Plant Science Today. 2020;7(2):219-226. <u>https://doi.org/10.14719/pst.2020.7.2.744</u>

Supplementary Tables

Table 1. Powder of *Phyllanthus myrtifolius* treated with different reagents

CI No	P. myrtifolius	Leaf	Stem	Root
Sl No		(Day light)	(Day light)	(Day light)
1	Powder as such	Olive green	Creamy brown	Soil colour
2	Powder +conc HNO ₃	Light yellow	Orange	Yellow
3	Powder + conc H ₂ SO ₄	Coffee colour	Coffee colour	Coffee colour
4	Powder + conc HCl	Olive green	Reddish brown	Reddish brown
5	Powder + Glacial acetic acid	Yellow brown	Dark green	Soil colour
6	Powder + 1N NaOH	Yellowish black	Reddish brown	Brown
7	Powder + 5% KOH	Dark green	Yellowish brown	Brownish green
8	Powder + Iodine	Yellowish green	Yellowish brown	Pale green

Table 2. Powder of Phyllanthus reticulatus treated with different reagents

Sl No	P. reticulatus	Leaf	Stem	Root
51 NU	P. renculatus	(Day light)	(Day light)	(Day light)
1	Powder as such	Green	Olive green	Brown
2	Powder +conc HNO ₃	Yellow	Yellow	Deep yellow
3	Powder + conc H ₂ SO ₄	Coffee colour	Coffee colour	Coffee colour
4	Powder + conc HCl	Olive green	Pale green	Dark brown
5	Powder + Glacial acetic acid	Black	Brown	Reddish brown
6	Powder + 1N NaOH	Yellowish green	Yellowish brown	Yellowish black
7	Powder + 5% KOH	Pale green	Pale green	Brown
8	Powder + Iodine	Brown	Pale yellow	Dark brown

Table 3. Phytochemical analysis of Phyllanthus myrtifolius

Compounds	Tests	Distilled water	Ethanol	Acetone
Alkaloids	Hager's test	_	_	_
	Mayer's test	_	_	-
	Wagner's test	_	+	+
Carbohydrates	Benedict's test	+	+	+
Saponins	Froth test	+	+	_
Flavanoids	Alkaline reagent test	+	+	+
	Lead acetate test	+	+	+
Proteins	Xanthoprotein test	_	_	_
	Biuret test	_	_	_
	Millon's test	_	_	-
annins	Ferric chloride test	+	+	+
	Lead acetate test	+	+	+
Phenols	Lead Acetate test	+	+	+
Anthocyanins	Sulphuric acid test	+	_	-
Diterpenes	Copper acetate test	_	_	+
hytosterols	Salkowski 's test	+	+	+

Table 4. Phytochemical analysis of Phyllanthus reticulatus

Compounds	Tests	Distilled water	Ethanol	Acetone
Alkaloids	Hager's test	_	_	_
	Mayer's test	_	_	_
	Wagner's test	_	_	_
Carbohydrate	Benedict's test	-	+	_
Saponin	Froth test	_	+	+
Flavanoids	Alkaline reagent test	+	_	_
	Lead acetate test	_	_	_
Protein	Xanthoprotein test	_	_	_
	Biuret test	_	_	_
	Millon's test	_	_	_
Tannin	Ferric chloride test	+	+	+
	Lead acetate test	_	+	+
Phenol	Lead acetate test	+	+	+
Anthocyanin	Sulphuric acid test	+	_	_
Diterpenes	Copper acetate test	+	_	+
Phytosterols	Salkowski's test	+	_	+

Table 5. Antibacterial effects of *Phyllanthus myrtifolius* extract in Ethanol

67 M	Microbes selected -	Zone of inhibition (mm)					
SI. No		Leaf	Stem	Root	Positive control	Negative control	
1	E. coli	15	8	0	27	0	
2	Pseudomonas	18	7	0	23	0	
3	Proteus vulgaris	17	11	5	15	5	
4	Staphylococcus aureus	20	7	0	30	0	

Table 6. Antibacterial effects of Phyllanthus myrtifolius extract in Acetone

CL M-	Microbes selected -	Zone of inhibition (mm)					
SI. No		Leaf	Stem	Root	Positive control	Negative control	
1	E. coli	12	7	5	15	8	
2	Pseudomonas	18	7	16	27	7	
3	Proteus vulgaris	16	6	15	25	0	
4	Staphylococcus aureus	12	0	0	28	7	

Table 7. Antibacterial effects of Phyllanthus myrtifolius extract in distilled water

SI. No	Microbes selected	Zone of inhibition (mm)				
		Leaf	Stem	Root	Positive control	Negative control
1	E. coli	6	0	0	4	5
2	Pseudomonas	6	0	0	6	5
3	Proteus vulgaris	9	7	0	6	5
4	Staphylococcus aureus	11	0	0	6	5

Table 8. Antibacterial effects of Phyllanthus reticulatus extract in ethanol

	Microbes selected	Zone of inhibition (mm)					
SI. No		Leaf	Stem	Root	Positive control	Negative control	
1	E. coli	0	5	0	7	7	
2	Pseudomonas	3	4	4	5	5	
3	Proteus vulgaris	0	4	5	5	5	
4	Staphylococcus aureus	7	0	0	6	5	

Table 9. Antibacterial effects of Phyllanthus reticulatus extract in acetone

SI. No	Microbes selected	Zone of inhibition (mm)					
		Leaf	Stem	Root	Positive control	Negative control	
1	E. coli	4	0	3	6	4	
2	Pseudomonas	5	4	5	5	5	
3	Proteus vulgaris	7	0	5	7	6	
4	Staphylococcus aureus	3	0	4	7	6	

Table 10. Antibacterial effects of Phyllanthus reticulatus extract in distilled water

	Microbes selected	Zone of inhibition (mm)					
SI. No		Leaf	Stem	Root	Positive control	Negative control	
1	E. coli	6	6	0	25	0	
2	Pseudomonas	7	8	10	20	6	
3	Proteus vulgaris	7	8	13	29	0	
4	Staphylococcus aureus	0	0	0	23	0	

Supplementary Figures

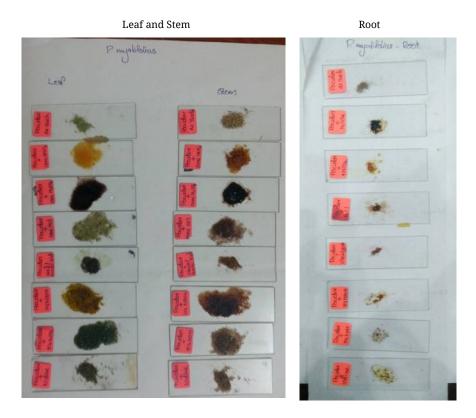


Fig.1. Powder of *Phyllanthus myrtifolius* treated with different reagents.

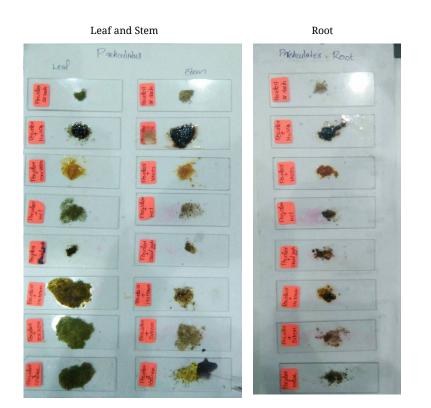


Fig. 2. Powder of *Phyllanthus reticulatus* treated with different reagents.

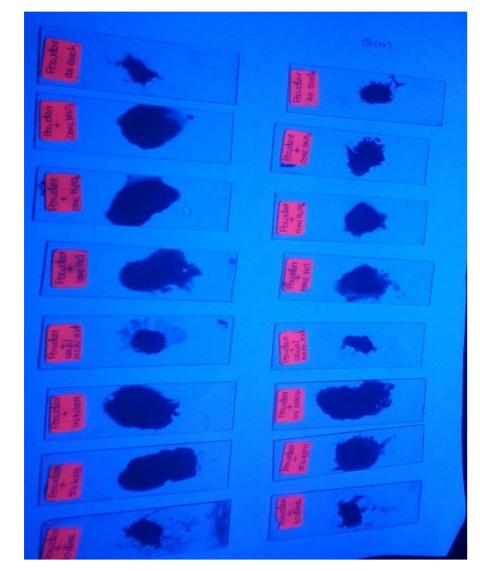


Fig. 3. Absence of fluorescence in all samples of *Phyllanthus* spp. when kept under UV Transilluminator.





E. coli – Leaf extract-15 mm *P. aeruginosa* – Leaf extract-18 mm **Fig. 4.** Antibacterial effect of ethanol extract of *Phyllanthus myrtifolius* against 4 selected strains of bacteria.



P. vulgaris – Leaf extract-17 mm



7

S. aureus – Leaf extract-20 mm



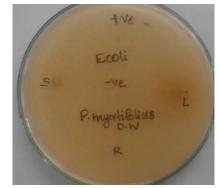
E. coli- Leaf extract – 12 mm, Stem extract- 7 mm, Root extract-5 mm **Fig. 5.** Antibacterial effect of acetone extract of *Phyllanthus myrtifolius* against 4 selected strains of bacteria.



P. vulgaris – Leaf extract- 16 mm, Stem extract-6 mm, Root extract-16 mm



S. aureus – only leaf extract showed inhibition of 12 mm





- E. coli Only leaf extract showed inhibition –6 mm
- P. aeruginosa Only leaf extract showed inhibition—6 mm
- Fig. 6. Antibacterial effect of distilled water extract of *Phyllanthus myrtifolius* against 4 selected strains of bacteria.



P. vulgaris – Leaf extract—9 mm, Stem extract—7 mm



S. aureus – Leaf extract-11 mm



E. coli – Only stem extract produced inhibition-5 mm



P. aeruginosa – Only stem extract produced inhibition-5 mm



P. vulgaris – Only root extract produced 5 mm inhibition zone



S. aureus – Leaf extract produced an inhibition of 7 mm

Fig. 7. Antibacterial effect of ethanol extract of *Phyllanthus reticulatus* against 4 selected strains of bacteria.





E. coli – Only leaf extract produced inhibition of 4 mm

P. aeruginosa – Both leaf and root extract produced 5 mm

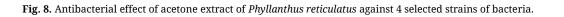
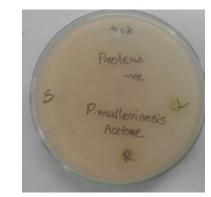
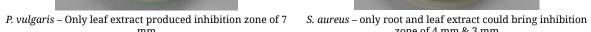


Fig. 9. Antibacterial effect of distilled water extract of *Phyllanthus reticulatus* against 4 selected strains of bacteria.



mm



S. BUNCU

P.mule nansis

zone of 4 mm & 3 mm



E. coli – Both leaf and stem produced inhibition zone of 6 mm





P. vulgaris – Root extract, stem extract and leaf extract produced inhibition zones of 13 mm, 8 mm, 7 mm



S. aureus – No inhibition was recorded by any of the extracts



P. aeruginosa – Root extract, stem extract and leaf extract produced inhibition zones of 10 mm, 8 mm, 7 mm